

# DIGITUS CAT 6A S/FTP patch cord

**DK-1644-A-015**  
**EAN 4016032423959**



## CAT 6A S-FTP patch cable, Cu, LSZH AWG 26/7, length 1.5 m, color grey

The DIGITUS® Category 6A Class EA patch cords are manufactured and tested to the ISO/IEC 11801 and DIN EN 50173 Category 6 A specifications. They will guarantee the installed cabling system is compliant with the ISO & EN channel specification requirements and will provide optimum performance levels of DIGITUS® Category 6A cabling. The performance is tested up to 500 MHz inclusive performance characteristics such as near end cross talk ("NEXT"). DIGITUS® patch cords are designed and produced to fulfill the highest requirements of various application areas in full volume. Each cable is fitted with a molded boot which comes with kink protection and strain relief. Furthermore the boot is equipped with a latch protection that prevents the latching lever against breaking. You can easily identify the Category 6A, because of the transparent yellow colored connector.

**Future-oriented standards and high-end quality for your network.**

- 2x RJ45 (8P8C) connectors
- Boots with kink protection, strain relief and latch protection
- Length marking on boot
- Conductor: Copper (Cu)

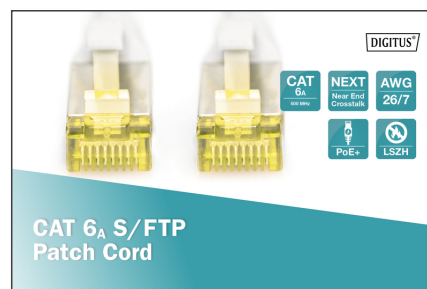
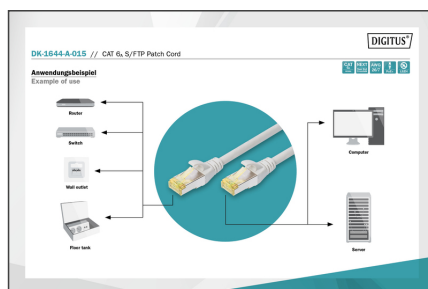
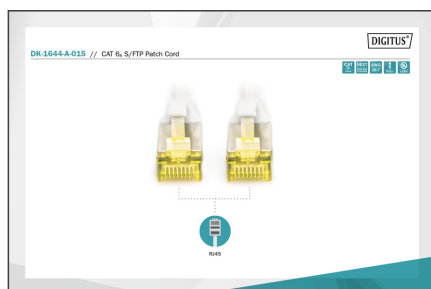
### Attributes

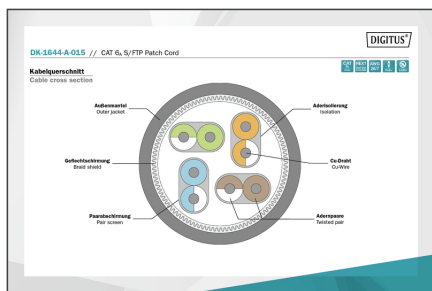
- Configuration: 1:1
- Category: CAT 6A
- Shielding: S-FTP, pairs in metal foil and braid shielding
- Length: 1.5 m
- Color: grey
- Jacket: LSOH
- Slim Version: no
- Structure: 4 x 2 AWG 26/7, twisted pair
- Flat Version: no

### Logistics

	Number (pcs)	Weight (kg)	Depth (cm)	Width (cm)	Height (cm)	cm³
Packaging Unit Carton	150	9.90	38.00	29.00	32.00	35,264.00
Packaging Unit Inside	20	1.32	6.00	20.00	36.00	4,320.00
Packaging Unit Single	1	0.07	1.00	14.00	14.00	196.00
Net single without Packaging	1	0.06	1.00	14.00	14.00	196.00

### More images:





### Safety notes

- When plugging and unplugging the cable, only grasp the plug and do not pull directly on the cable.
- Cables must not be kinked sharply or bent at tight angles, as this can damage the inner wires and lead to failures.
- Make sure that the cables are not under tensile load, as this can damage the insulation and the wires inside the cable.
- Ensure that cables are not laid in areas where they can be easily damaged mechanically.
- Cables should not be used in environments with extremely high or very low temperatures. Observe the product information on the maximum operating temperature of the cable
- Check cables regularly for visible damage such as cracks, kinks or signs of wear. Defective cables should be replaced immediately to avoid failures, short circuits or even electric shocks.

### EU responsible person

EU based economic operator ensuring the product complies with the required regulations.

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