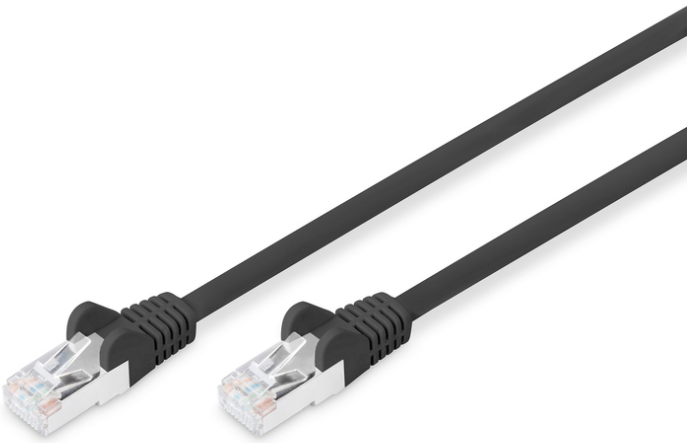
CAT 6 S/FTP patch cord

DB-160144-050-S
EAN 4016032384069



Patch Cable, CAT6, RJ45 M/M, 5.0m, S-FTP, AWG 27/7, color black

The DIGITUS® Category 6 Class E patch cords are manufactured and tested to the ISO/IEC 11801 and DIN EN 50173 Category 6 specifications. They will guarantee the installed cabling system is compliant with the ISO & EN channel specification requirements and will provide optimum performance levels of DIGITUS® Category 6 cabling. The performance is tested up to 250 MHz inclusive performance characteristics such as near end cross talk (“NEXT”). DIGITUS® patch cords are designed and produced to fulfill the highest requirements of various application areas in full volume. Each cable is fitted with a molded boot which comes with kink protection and strain relief. Furthermore the boot is equipped with a latch protection that prevents the latching lever against breaking. This network cable is suitable e.g. for the connection in network cabinets. Another area of application is the wiring of the DSL telephone system.

Future-oriented standards and high-end quality for your network.

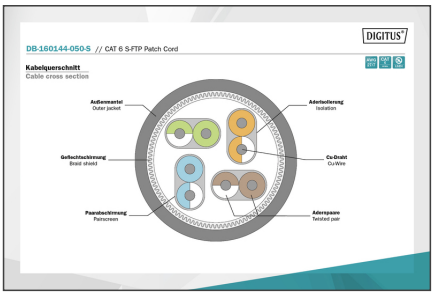
- LSZH – low smoke zero halogen
- Boots with kink protections and strain reliefs
- Cable color: black
- Color connector: black
- Hoods: plastic
- Assortment: Twisted Pair Patchkabel
- Length: 5 m
- Connector 1: Modular RJ45 (8/8) plug
- Connector 2: Modular RJ45 (8/8) plug
- Category: CAT 6
- Shielding: S-FTP, pairs in metal foil and braid shielding
- Structure: 4 x 2 AWG 27/7, twisted pair
- Wire material: CU

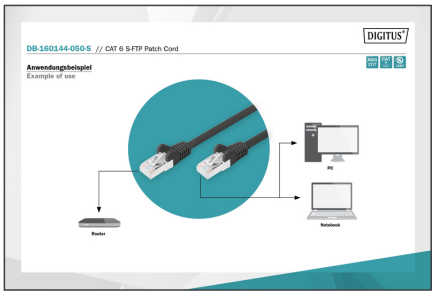
Package contents

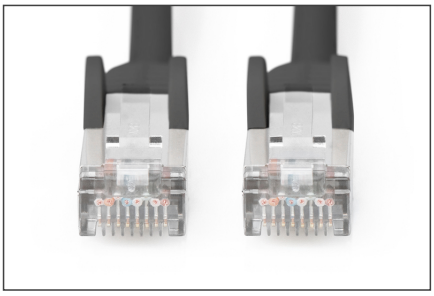
- 1x CAT6 S/FTP patch cord, lenght 5 m, color black

Logistics						
	Number (pcs)	Weight (kg)	Depth (cm)	Width (cm)	Height (cm)	cm³
Packaging Unit Carton	40	7.30	54.00	26.00	36.00	50,544.00
Packaging Unit Inside	10	1.83	50.00	25.00	9.00	11,250.00
Packaging Unit Single	1	0.18	5.00	7.50	23.50	881.25
Net single without Packaging	1	0.08	5.00	7.50	23.50	881.25

More images:







Safety notes

- When plugging and unplugging the cable, only grasp the plug and do not pull directly on the cable.
- Cables must not be kinked sharply or bent at tight angles, as this can damage the inner wires and lead to failures.
- Ensure that the cables are not under tensile load, as this can damage the insulation and the wires inside the cable.
- Ensure that cables are not laid in areas where they can be easily damaged mechanically.
- Cables should not be used in environments with extremely high or very low temperatures. Observe the product information on the maximum operating temperature of the cable
- Check cables regularly for visible damage such as cracks, kinks or signs of wear. Defective cables should be replaced immediately to avoid failures, short circuits or even electric shocks.