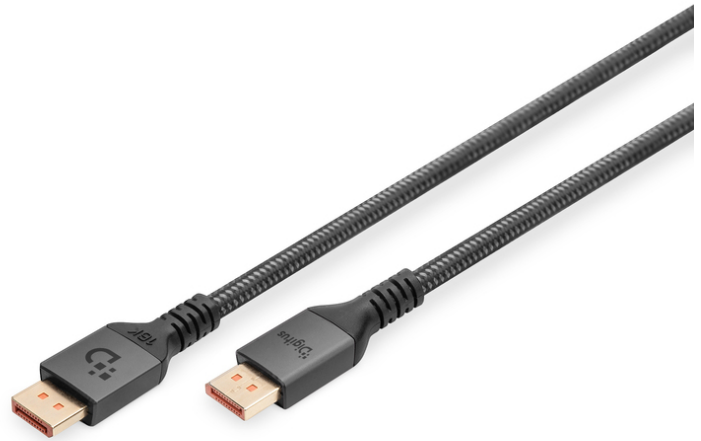


16K DisplayPort connection cable, version 2.1, 2m, 80G, black

DB-340111-020-S
EAN 4016032508670



Premium DisplayPort Connection Cable, Type DP M/M, 2.0m, Alu Housing, UHD 16K, DP 2.1, bl

With the cable standard 2.1, this DisplayPort cable supports the latest technology and all of today's requirements - from the playback of high-resolution UHD 16K content to the support of HDCP and DPCP encryption. HDCP version 2.2 ensures secure content transfer and protects your media from unauthorized access. Mirror your laptop desktop to a large monitor or extend your desktop with an additional display with Displayport. Fast data transfers of up to 80Gbps are possible with this high-quality cable, no stuttering, even with demanding graphics applications or games. This cable not only supports impressive resolutions such as 16K @ 60 Hz, 8K @ 120 Hz but also enables other formats including 4K @240 Hz and 2K @ 240 Hz. Versatility is the keyword here and makes it ideal for different devices and display configurations. Gold-plated contacts and the double shielding of the cable ensure maximum conductivity and interference-free transmission.

Supported video formats: 16K @ 60 Hz, 8K @ 120 Hz, 4K @240 Hz, 2K @ 240 Hz

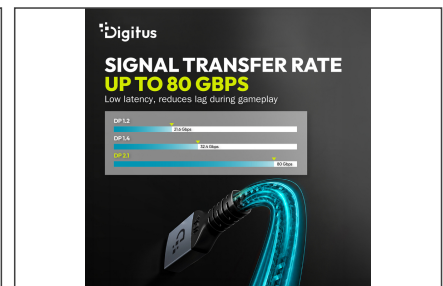
- Signal transmission rate up to 80Gbps
- Screen resolution up to 16K/60Hz

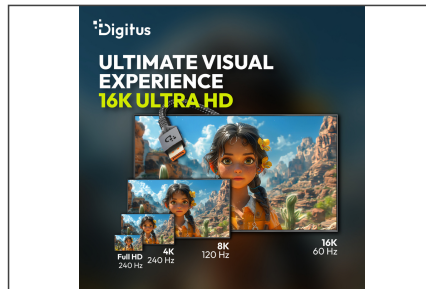
- Supported resolutions: 16K @ 60 Hz, 8K @ 120 Hz, 4K @240 Hz, 2K @ 240 Hz
- Supports Dynamic HDR 4:4:4 / HDR 10 and 3D
- HDCP version: 2.2
- AWG: 30
- Backwards compatible with DP standards 2.0, 1.4, 1.3 and 1.2
- UHBR20

Attributes

- AWG: 30
- Color cable: black
- Connector 1: DP, plug
- Connector 2: DP, plug
- Connector surface: gold-plated
- DisplayPort standard: DisplayPort 2.1
- Ferrite filter: none
- HDTV Standard: Ultra HD 8K
- Hoods: Aluminum
- Interlock: none
- Length: 2 m
- AOC - Active Optical Cable: no
- Shielding: Double shielding

More images:





Safety notes

- When plugging and unplugging the cable, only grasp the plug and do not pull directly on the cable.
- Cables must not be kinked sharply or bent at tight angles, as this can damage the inner wires and lead to failures.
- Make sure that the cables are not under tensile load, as this can damage the insulation and the wires inside the cable.
- Ensure that cables are not laid in areas where they can be easily damaged mechanically.
- Cables should not be used in environments with extremely high or very low temperatures. Observe the product specifications for the maximum operating temperature of the cable
- Check cables regularly for visible damage such as cracks, kinks or signs of wear. Defective cables should be replaced immediately to avoid failures, short circuits or even electric shocks.