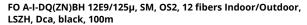


# DIGITUS Indoor/outdoor installation cable A/I-DQ (ZN) BH 9/125µ OS2, 12 fibers, BauPVO Dca, LSZH, 100 m

DK-39121-U-0100 EAN 4016032505235





The central loose tube offers a design with high tensile strength and flexibility in a compact cable size. Our central loose tube offers fiber optic data transmission and excellent technical performance. Our regular quality control programs according to ISO90001, REACh and RoHS ensure a high level of quality. Through a thorough qualification test of each product in our portfolio, we guarantee a high level of reliability. Both quality procedures are designed to ensure the indoor and outdoor durability and performance of our cables.

# Future-oriented standards and high-end quality for your network.

- LSZH low smoke zero halogen
- UV-resistant
- · Resistant to longitudinal and transverse water
- Glass yarn reinforcement
- Non-metallic rodent protection
- · Metal-free
- Attenuation at 1310nm: ≤ max. 0.34 dB/km (before cabling); ≤ max. 0.36 dB/km (after cabling)
- Attenuation at 1550nm: ≤ max. 0.21 dB/km (before cabling); ≤ max. 0.22 dB/km (after cabling)
- Attenuation at 1625nm: ≤ max. 0.23 dB/km (before cabling); ≤ max. 0.25 dB/km (after cabling)
- Dispersion zero point : 1302 ~ 1324 nm
- Dispersion gradient : ≤ 0.092 ps/nm 2 x km
- PMD link value (M=20 cable Q= 0.01%) max. PMDQ : 0.2 ps/ $\sqrt{km}$
- Cut-off wavelength (λcc) : ≤ 1260 nm
- Macro bending loss (100 rotations ;  $\Phi$ 50nm) at 1550 nm :  $\leq$  0.05 dB
- Macro bending loss (100 rotations ; Φ50nm) at 1625 nm : ≤ 0.10 dB

- Mode field diameter at 1310nm :  $9.2 \pm 0.4 \mu m$
- Sheath diameter: 125 ± 1 μm
- Core-shell concentricity error : ≤ 0.6 µm
- Sheath out-of-roundness : ≤ 1.0 %
- Yield strength: ≥ 0.69 Gpa
- Number of fibers (OS2 G.652D): 2-12 pcs.
- max. number of loose tubes: 1 pc.
- Number of fibers per loose tube: 2-12 pcs.
- loose tube : 2.0 ± 0.2 mm
- Outer sheath material: LSZH, BauPVO Dca, EN 50575: 2014+A1:
- Outer cable diameter :  $6.5 \pm 0.5$  mm
- Max. permissible tensile force : 1400 N  $\,$
- Crush resistance : 1000/200 N/100mm
- Temperature range : Transportation and storage :  $40^{\circ}$ C to +  $70^{\circ}$ C ; Installation :  $40^{\circ}$ C to +  $60^{\circ}$ C ; In operation :  $40^{\circ}$ C to +  $70^{\circ}$ C
- Min. bending radius : Installation : 20 x OD ; In operation : 10 x OD

## Attributes

- Application: universal
- Cable jacket: LSOH
- Cable type: U-DQ (ZN) BH X E 9/125μm
- Color cable: black
- Fiber class: OS2
- Mode: Singlemode
- · Number of fibers: 12

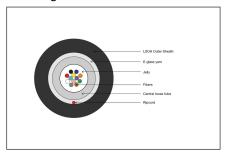
# **Package contents**

 1 x indoor/outdoor installation cable A/I-DQ (ZN) BH 9/125µ OS2, 12 fibers, Dca, LSZH, 100m

| Logistics                    |                 |                |               |               |                |      |
|------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|------|
|                              | Number<br>(pcs) | Weight<br>(kg) | Depth<br>(cm) | Width<br>(cm) | Height<br>(cm) | cm³  |
| Packaging Unit Carton        | 1               | 0.00           | 0.00          | 0.00          | 0.00           | 0.00 |
| Packaging Unit Inside        | 1               | 0.00           | 0.00          | 0.00          | 0.00           | 0.00 |
| Packaging Unit Single        | 1               | 0.00           | 0.00          | 0.00          | 0.00           | 0.00 |
| Net single without Packaging | 1               | 0.00           | 0.00          | 0.00          | 0.00           | 0.00 |



### More images:



# **Safety notes**

- Avoid direct contact with light sources: Fiber optic cables, especially those with active light sources such as lasers (e.g. in optical communication systems), can emit dangerous radiation that can damage
- eyes. Take care never to look directly into the light of an optical fiber, even if the light source is invisible to the naked eye.
- When working with fiber optic cables, especially during tests or when working with lasers, protective goggles should always be worn to protect
  against harmful radiation.
- When plugging and unplugging the cable, only grasp the plug and do not pull directly on the cable.
- Do not kink or crush: Fiber optic cables are sensitive to mechanical stress.
- To protect cables from physical damage, they should be laid in special ducts or with protective materials
- Keep cable connectors clean: Fiber optic cables are sensitive to dust and dirt. Even small particles on the connectors can severely impair the signal
  quality.
- Cables should not be used in environments with extremely high or very low temperatures. Observe the product information on the maximum operating temperature of the cable
- Check cables regularly for visible damage such as cracks, kinks or signs of wear. Defective cables should be replaced immediately.

## EU responsible person

EU based economic operator ensuring the product complies with the required regulations.

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