

DIGITUS® CAT 6A S/FTP patch cable, PUR (TPU)

DK-1644-A-PUR-020

EAN 4016032434702



CAT 6A S-FTP patch cord, Cu, PUR AWG 26/7, 2.00 m, green, (similar to RAL 6018)

The category 6A, S/FTP patch cables offer good resistance to oil with their PUR sheath and are therefore suitable for industrial use. Further properties of the PUR jacket are UV resistance and self-extinguishing in case of fire. The DIGITUS® Category 6A Class EA patch cables are manufactured and tested in accordance with the ISO/IEC 11801 and DIN EN 50173 CAT 6A standard. They guarantee that the cable installation complies with the ISO & EN Channel specification and offer excellent performance in DIGITUS® CAT 6A cabling. The performance has been tested up to 500 MHz, including performance characteristics such as near-end crosstalk ("NEXT"). They have been specially developed to fully meet all requirements in the various application areas. Each cable is equipped with a molded anti-kink grommet with strain relief. The grommet also has a latching lever protection, which prevents the cable from getting caught and the latching lever from breaking off the plug.

Outstanding performance and connection quality for your network. Ideal for industrial applications.

- 2x RJ45 plug (8P8C)
- Hoods with bend protection, strain relief and latching lever protection
- Length designation on the hoods
- Inner conductor: Copper (Cu)

Attributes

- Configuration: 1:1
- Packaging: DIGITUS Polybag
- Category: CAT 6A
- Shielding: S-FTP, pairs in metal foil and braid shielding
- Length: 2 m
- Color: green
- Jacket: PUR
- Slim Version: no
- Structure: 4 x 2 AWG 26/7, twisted pair
- Flat Version: no

Logistics						
	Number (pcs)	Weight (kg)	Depth (cm)	Width (cm)	Height (cm)	cm³
Packaging Unit Carton	100	7.30	40.00	31.00	30.00	37,200.00
Packaging Unit Inside	10	0.73	7.50	25.00	42.00	7,875.00
Packaging Unit Single	1	0.07	1.50	14.00	25.00	525.00
Net single without Packaging	1	0.06	200.00	1.20	1.30	0.00

Safety notes

- When plugging and unplugging the cable, only grasp the plug and do not pull directly on the cable.
- Cables must not be kinked sharply or bent at tight angles, as this can damage the inner wires and lead to failures.
- Make sure that the cables are not under tensile load, as this can damage the insulation and the wires inside the cable.
- Ensure that cables are not laid in areas where they can be easily damaged mechanically.
- Cables should not be used in environments with extremely high or very low temperatures. Observe the product information on the maximum operating

temperature of the cable

- Check cables regularly for visible damage such as cracks, kinks or signs of wear. Defective cables should be replaced immediately to avoid failures, short circuits or even electric shocks.

EU responsible person

EU based economic operator ensuring the product complies with the required regulations.

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